



Disaster Preparedness - Response

- Port Risk Management 19 - 20 March 2024

CIP TTX – Port Risk Management 19 – 20 March 2024



### Agenda

- Description of Exercise and Emergency Disaster
  - **≻**Objectives
  - **▶** Scenarios
- Respond to injects to each Scenario
- Work in group and reports
- Summary

### Exercise Overview



### TTX Objectives:

- Discuss the safety and security risks in the Caribbean Seaports.
- Identify areas of opportunity for coordination, communications, and resource availability for the Caribbean region



#### Scenario:

- You are the Emergency Manager at the Port of Philippe
  - The 4th largest exporter of LNG region
  - Hurricane season timeframe: May Nov 2024
  - The port has also received containers with hazardous materials (including fireworks in preparation for New Year's Dec 2024)





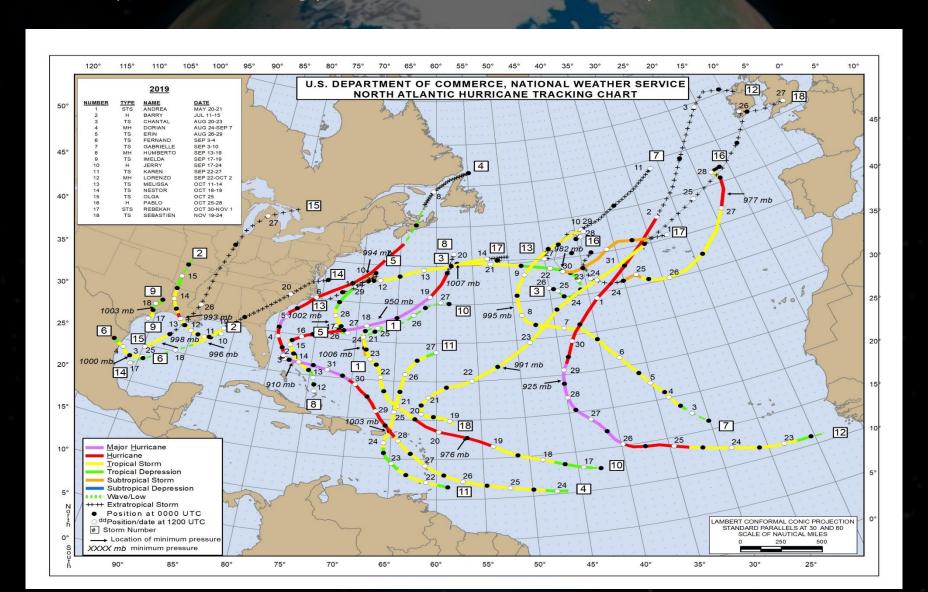


### Inject # 1 (prior to Hurricane landfall):

- Port of Authority is currently reviewing all the emergency equipment and is concerned about the electrical power grid in the port
- As a member of the Area Maritime Safety and Security Committee, the Port Authority may have some funds to allocate to preparedness, but needs assistance in prioritizing the funds
- ➤ Regional stakeholders (e.g. Caribbean Disaster Management Agency) has requested to know the readiness status from all nation members in preparation for Hurricane season.
  - Due to recent man-made disasters, CDEMA is allocating funds to oil spills recently observed in the region near coastline of neighboring region member.
  - ❖ The most recent severe weather system impacting the area took place in 2019 Tropical Storm Karen, which caused \$24 million in damage according to estimates from Local Emergency Agencies.

### Inject # 1 (prior to Hurricane landfall):

Port of Authority is also reviewing previous lessons learned from previous storms 2019 – 2023



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❖ As the Emergency and Disaster Preparedness, you find some other historical data for the region:

Franklin: August 18 to September 1, 2023

Region: Caribbean Sea

Wind speed: max. 241 km/h

on land: max. 56 km/h Diameter: max. 630 km

Air pressure: below 926 mbar

Saffir-Simpson scale: category 4

Most Affected Cities: Scarborough, Petit Valley

Ian: September 19 to October 2, 2022

Region: aribbean Sea

Wind speed: max. 250 km/h

on land: max. 56 km/h Diameter: max. 1482 km

Air pressure: below 937 mbar

Saffir-Simpson scale: category 4

Most Affected Cities: Scarborough, Petit Valley



### Questions:

- As the Emergency and Disaster Preparedness Manager for the Port of Philippe:
  - 1. How would you assess the overall risk for the port? What would be some of the parameters to consider the overall risk
  - 2. What references or plans or contingencies need to be considered to minimize the impact of a severe storm?
  - 3. How could other port stakeholders (e.g. CIP Members, Area Maritime Safety and Security Committee), or CDMA assist you prior to Hurricane Season?
  - 4. What assets or infrastructure would you considered testing or how would you train the personnel at the Port Authority to increase readiness?







# Let's take a 10-minute break





### Inject # 2 (prior to hurricane landfall):

- ➤ The Port of Philippe projects to complete a small LNG port facility hub to feed the Caribbean nations in January 2025
  - ❖ This nation is Latin America's largest LNG exporter and the project, expected to be operational by 2025, will have a handling capacity of up to 500,000 tons a year, according National Gas Company (NGC).
  - The new facility will be capable of storing, handling and shipping LNG for the region, is intended to be scalable to allow expansion as demand rises.
  - ❖ The nation's Energy Minister plans to boost LNG exports to its neighbors for power generation and petrochemicals; Minister added that more natural gas is needed for it to significantly contribute to global supplies due to recent conflicts in Europe.
    - LNG producers have ramped up supplies to Europe in 2023 amid buoyant demand and high prices.



#### **Questions:**

- As the Emergency and Disaster Preparedness Managers for the Port of Philippe:
  - 1. How would you protect the small LNG port facility? What would be some of the infrastructure to consider minimize the overall risk?
  - 2. What references or plans or contingencies need to be considered to minimize the impact of a severe storm. E.g. consider tropical storm Karen force winds?
  - 3. How would other CIP Members, Area Maritime Safety and Security Committee, or CDMA assist you in protecting this new LNG port facility?
  - 4. What assets or infrastructure would you consider securing prior to storm landfall (e.g. consider tropical storm Karen and damage caused in 2023?
    - a. How would you recommend to prepare to secure port operations in view that NOAA tracking system holds this hurricane within 50 miles of Port of Philippe within 48 hours?







# Let's take a 10-minute break





#### Inject # 3 (Post Hurricane landfall):

- The Hurricane system storm came close and most of the damage was wind related.
- ➤ The Port Authority Damage assessment teams were deployed once the storm passed and found some hazardous materials containers damaged and spilled due to high conditions. Port Fixed-container scanner fully operational after landfall as emergency generators and power grid were not affected.
- Some of the major port and cargo shippers at port have requested to know when Port Authority would resume port operations (e.g. after 24-hour port closure)
- Two major container and one LNG vessels have requested to come into port and offload cargo as well as pick up gas products. A fourth vessel has requested pier space to conduct repairs to its as it was structurally damage during the storm while transiting within territorial waters
  - There is potential shoaling in the navigation channel and Port Stakeholders (Port of Philippe Pilots) are concerned about potentially grounding of the tugs along the Maritime Transportation System.



#### Inject # 3 (Post Hurricane landfall):

> The Hurricane system storm came close and most damage was wind related with storm surge.

#### Non-intrusive container scanners



Vessels above 1,000 GRT require one tug



Navigation Buoys system has 20 marking th Channel and spaced approximately 800m apart





#### Questions:

- As the Emergency Disaster Manager for the Port Authority, and advisor to Designated Authority:
  - 1. What would be the priorities to execute for reopening the port of Phillippe while minimizing the risks to live, infrastructure, environment and economy for the country?
  - 2. What references or contingency plans need to be considered before allowing the port to start handling cargo operations or bulk liquids, LNG, etc. ?
  - 3. How would other CIP Members, Port Stakeholders, Area Maritime Safety and Security Committee, or CDMA assist to reopen all port facilities?
    - a. Would container operations should be prioritized over LNG operations?
    - b. What navigational channels (e.g. Depths confirmations) should be inspected first prior to re opening the port?
    - c. What port infrastructure (e.g. navigations aids and vessels) should be activated and restore prior to re-opening the port?



#### **SUMMARY**

TTX Exercises should test the following areas for Port Stakeholders in their policies and procedures:

- Area Maritime Safety Committee Communication
- Lead and Supporting Agency Coordination
- Lead and Support Resource availability
- Lead and Supporting Agency Response