

Principles of Sustainable Dredging

Presented by

Calvin Creech, PhD, PE Vice President – PIANC US Army Corps of Engineers 25 July2023

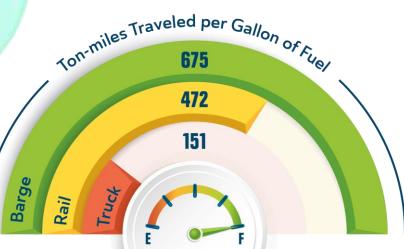
Sustainability of Waterborne Transport

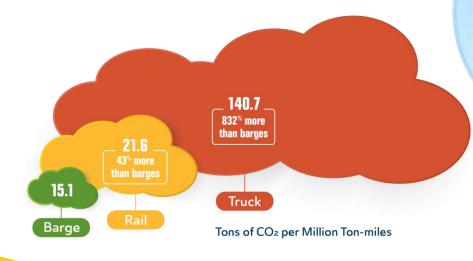


Inland Waterways Transport has the Lowest *Injury* Record Compared to Rail or Truck



Ratio of Injuries in Freight Transportation





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A worldwide network of professionals,

Providing expert advice on cost-effective and sustainable waterborne infrastructure,

And the leading partner
for governments and the private sector
in the design, development and
maintenance of ports,
waterways and coastal areas

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SINCE 1885!



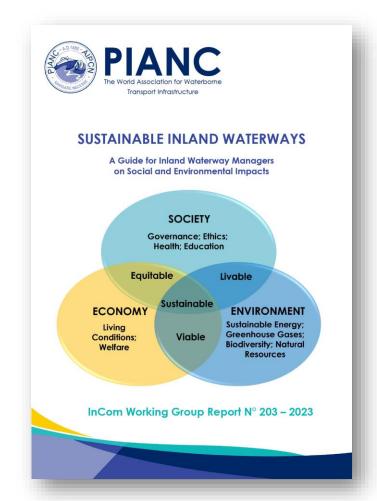
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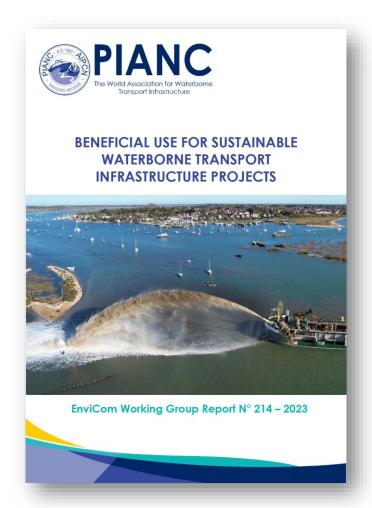
WHAT PIANC DOES

- Deliver high-quality technical reports within our International Commissions and Working Groups
- Create a worldwide network of the best international experts, both public and private, on technical, economic and environmental issues pertaining to waterborne transport infrastructure
- Support Young Professionals and Countries in Transition
- Keep the network connected through PIANC's international/regional/local events

Remain the leading international source waterborne transportrelated information in the 21st century

OUR TECHNICAL REPORTS



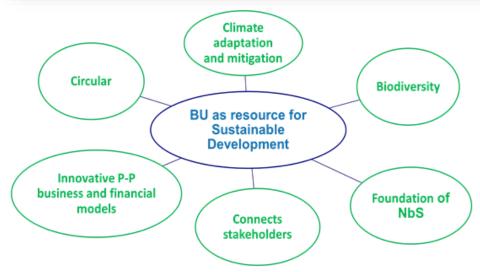




Sustainable Dredging

- Specific to dredging, this includes:
 - Beneficial Use of Sediments
 - Climate Adaptation and Mitigation
 - Circular Economy
 - Nature Based Solutions
 - Biodiversity
 - Innovative Public-Private Partnership Business and Financial Models
 - Stakeholder Involvement
 - Governance





WG 214: Beneficial Use for Sustainable Waterborne Transport Infrastructure Projects

Working Group Report Goals

- Increase industry-wide Beneficial Use (BU) practices globally
- Develop strategies to overcome barriers to BU
- Advance circularity and sustainability goals by managing sediment as a resource



Coastal bird habitat created by beneficial us of dredged material In Baptiste Collette Bayou, Louisiana, USA (Photo: PJ Hahn).

WG 214: Overall Approach

Create a framework for users to promote sediment as a beneficial resource

Build on existing documents

- CEDA, USACE, PIANC
- More focus on governance than technologies

Identify key barriers / catalysts
Understand regional differences

- Country / continent / region
- Learn from different regions and case studies

Collaborate: PIANC, WEDA, CEDA, SedNet



Seven Mile Island Innovation Laboratory (SMIIL), New Jersey Coast, US: Transforming Practice from Dredged Material as Waste to Dredged Material as a Resource (Photo: Sarah Thorne)

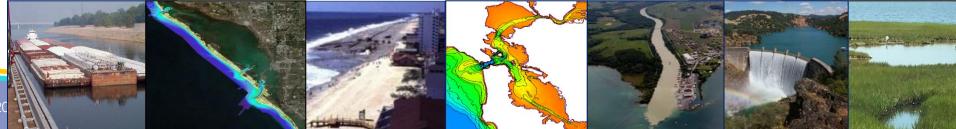
Regional Sediment Management



"A systems approach using best management practices for more efficient and effective use of sediments in coastal, estuarine, and inland environments for healthier and more resilient systems."

- Recognizes sediment as a valuable <u>resource</u>
- <u>Work across business lines, projects, and authorities</u> to create short and long-term economically viable and environmentally sustainable solutions
- <u>Improve</u> operational efficiencies and natural exchange of sediments
- Consider regional implications of project scale actions and benefits
- Apply/Enhance tools and technologies for regional approaches
- Share lessons learned, information, data, tools, and technologies
- Communicate and collaborate

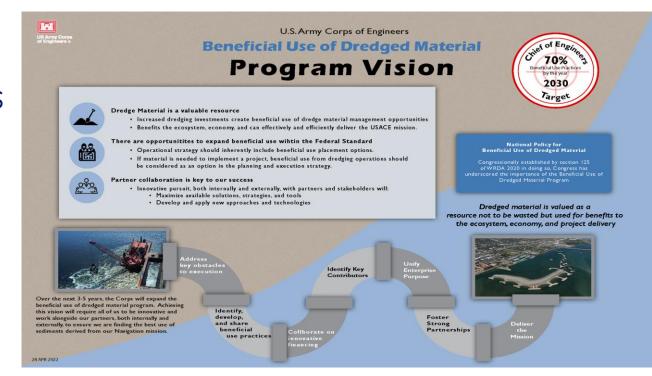
https://rsm.usace.army.mil/





Expanding Beneficial Use of Dredged Material

- Dredged material as a valued natural resource
- Achieve multiple economic, social, and environmental benefits
- Current beneficial use: 30-40%
- Advance BUDM practice to 70% by the year 2030 "70/30 Goal"
- Pursue innovation collectively with USACE partners and stakeholders
- Aligns with two of four LTG Spellmon's Key Priorities: Partnerships & Innovate





Climate Change Adaptation & Mitigation

Sediment BU >> SDG #13 Climate Action

Modify dredging equipment with high-efficiency engines or dual fuel engines

Reduce offshore disposal transport distances

Create or restore carbon sinks such as salt marshes and mangrove forests

Climate adaptation BU projects include:

- Restore ecosystems
- Maintain and restore barrier islands to improve community resiliency (e.g., Cat & Ship Islands on Mississippi coast; EWN Atlas V2*)
- Use ripened sediments to reinforce dikes (e.g., Kleirijperij EWN Atlas V2*)



Dredged sediment is being used to raise agricultural land in The Netherlands. For example, in the Clay Ripener study, Kleirijperij dredged sediment is being used for this purpose.

*https://ewn.erdc.dren.mil/?page_id=4174



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